

Computational Assignment 2

Rotating Stellar Drs.: How Rotation Changes Stellar Evolution

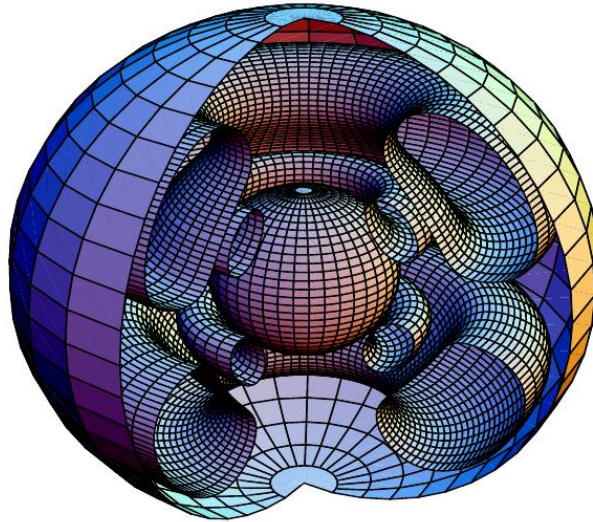


Image credit: Meynet & Maeder 2002

In this assignment, you will repeat the stellar evolution calculation from Assignment 1, but now including **rotation**. Again, you will use the web interface: <http://user.astro.wisc.edu/~townsend/static.php?ref=mesa-web> Use the same initial mass and metallicity as before, and compute two initially rotating models:

For both the A and B part of the assignment:
 $\Omega_{\text{ZAMS}}/\Omega_{\text{crit}}=0.95$

And for the B part of the assignment only

$\Omega_{\text{ZAMS}}/\Omega_{\text{crit}}=0.4$ too.

There we will also use your non-rotating model from Assignment 1 for comparison. All other assumptions in your rotating models will be the same as in Assignment 1, apart from initial rotation (also I would suggest to allow for **250 profiles**, so that you have enough internal-structure snapshots).

A) Only for the 0.95 model:

1. Angular Momentum Evolution

Using `trimmed_history.data`, plot the **total angular momentum** as a function of time for the rotating model.

Try different x-axis choices to pick the one that shows the the evolution as clear as possible (i.e. which zooms at the abrupt changes in angular momentum). For example, try

- linear time
- logarithmic time
- or remaining time until the end of the model, $|t_{\text{max}} - t|$, on a logarithmic axis, and optionally reversed for aesthetic reasons

Check Assignment 1 also for the discussion of this axis. Also decide on the whether the y-axis should be linear or logarithmic

Discuss briefly what we see in the evolution of J_{spin}

2. Surface Rotation Evolution

Using `trimmed_history.data`, plot figures of the time of evolution of

- V_{surf} ,
- Ω_{surf} ,
- Ω_{crit} ,
- $\Omega_{\text{surf}}/\Omega_{\text{crit}}$
- **Radius** (in log preferably)

Feel free to combine pairs of them together in one plot, adding a second y-axis (so time, as discussed and decided in point 1 above, and y-axes V_{surf} and Radius together).

Discuss:

- What happens when the star expands or contracts?
 - Does the star approach critical rotation at any point and why?
 - Is $\Omega_{\text{surf}}/\Omega_{\text{crit}}$ mainly changing because of Ω_{surf} , or Ω_{crit} change, or both?
 - Connect the behaviour of the quantities to the main evolutionary phases (changes in nuclear burning, changes in the state of the star, changes in radius, etc)
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3. Internal Rotation and Specific Angular Momentum

Choose three profiles for the rapidly rotating model:

- one during the MS,
- one after TAMS but before helium core burning.
- one at the very end

Plot $\Omega(m)$ and as a 2nd y-axis the specific angular momentum $j(m)$

Discuss:

- Is the star close to solid-body rotation, or differentially rotating? When
- What is happening at the convective regions, do they behave in a similar manner as regions of radiative equilibrium?
- Does the core rotate faster than the envelope?
- Where is most of the angular momentum stored?
- What evidence is there for angular momentum transport?
- How do the slowly and rapidly rotating models compare?

B) Combining the 0.95 model, as well as the 0.4 and the non-rotating one:

4. HR Diagram: With and Without Rotation

Plot the HRD for:

- the non-rotating model from Assignment 1,
- $\Omega_{\text{ZAMS}}/\Omega_{\text{crit}}=0.40$,
- $\Omega_{\text{ZAMS}}/\Omega_{\text{crit}}=0.95$.

For each model, report:

- age at TAMS,
- luminosity and effective temperature at TAMS,
- final total mass,
- final helium-core mass.

Discuss:

- Does rotation change the MS lifetime, how and, why?
- Does rotation change the HRD track?
- Does rotation change the final helium-core mass?

- Can rotational mixing explain the differences?
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5. Chemical Mixing Near TAMS

Choose one profile close to TAMS for each of the three models:

Plot the abundance profiles versus mass coordinate, or show the ones from the movie.

Discuss:

- Are the abundance gradients smoother in the rotating models?
- Is there evidence for extra mixing outside the convective core?
- Does the rapidly rotating model show stronger mixing?
- How does the helium-core size compare between the three models?